Healing Jesus, in your touch the sick were healed, and the chains unbound. Set us on a new path of wholeness, deliver us from all that binds us, and turn us to embrace your life giving love. For you are alive and reign with the Father in the unity of the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever. **Amen** 

THIS SUNDAYPlease note that there is no breakfast between services this morning<br/>Because it is Queen's Birthday Weekend. There is, however, prayer for<br/>healing after both services in the Kinder Chapel .THIS WEEK

Monday	7 May	Queen's Birthday (Office closed)
Tuesday	8 June	9.30am Communicare; 6.30pm Remuera Lions
Wednesday	9 June	10.00am Holy Communion (BCP 1928), Kinder Chapel
		Followed by morning tea in the Parish Centre.
		10am Probus; 1.00pm Ina Yoon - Harpist
Thursday	10 June	10.00am Yoga in the Lounge; 5.30 Girl Guides
Friday	11 June	<ul><li>10.30 Friendship Group - in the Lounge, all welcome,</li><li>Annabelle is taking us away on holiday to some far away places.</li><li>5.30pm Remuera Jr Chess Club</li></ul>

 NEXT SUNDAY
 13 June
 Patronal Thanksgiving Service, 10am

 Please note there is no 8am or 9.30am service on 13 June.
 Followed at Noon by a splendid

 Patronal Lunch
 Some tickets still available

## **Donations towards Organ Console Refurbishment**

The account to deposit your gift into is **03 0104 0109908 02. Please use** '**donation**' for the reference and '**organ**' as the particulars. Also, if you are not on our Parish Roll, please email Diana in the Parish Office (office@stmarks.org.nz) with your contact details so we can properly thank you and send you a tax-receipt.

## **Parish Directory**

Parish Office	Monday to Friday 9.00am until 3.00pm	09 520 2258			
Vicar	The Reverend Dr Tony Surman	021 074 1138			
Lay Minister	Trevor Brooker	021 614 227			
People's Warden	Christine Koefoed	021 682 331			
Vicar's Warden	Peter Allen	021 521 149			
Director of Music	Brian Millar	021 253 1437			
Children & Families	Anne Driver	09 849 3538			
For more information email: office@stmarks.org.nz or visit: <u>www.stmarks.org.nz</u>					



# The Anglican Parish of Saint Mark, Remuera A Community of Faith for 174 years 6 June 2021 - Te Pouhere Sunday 8.00am Holy Communion (BCP)

9.30am Eucharist with Hymns

Our Church—The Three-in-One. This Sunday, across Aotearoa, New Zealand and Polynesia, Anglicans commemorate a very significant amendment made to our Church's Constitution in 1992 which brought into being a Church composed of three tikanga or cultural strands -Maori, Pakeha and Polynesian. The new set of relationships it established between the cultural groups reflects the way the Anglican Church developed in this part of the South Pacific. Anglican Christianity was brought to the shores of Aotearoa by The Rev'd Samuel Marsden in 1814, and for the next quarter century was overwhelmingly a Maori Church, with its own translations of Scripture (Te Paipera Tapu) and the 1662 Prayer Book (Te Rawiri). The Treaty of Waitangi (1840) between the Chiefs of Aotearoa and the Crown established a partnership between Maori and the Crown that was meant to safeguard the interests of both peoples. Bishop George Selwyn, the first Anglican Bishop of New Zealand, arrived in Auckland in 1842 and was determined to promote and strengthen Christianity amongst both Maori and settler communities. European immigration to New Zealand increased rapidly from 1840 so that by the late 1850s, the settler population equalled that of Maori . Then it increased even more rapidly. Tensions grew between the two peoples, over land rights in particular. As the relationship soured, Selwyn's ability to bridge the divide between Maori and Pakeha eroded. On 13 June 1857 the Constitution that established the Anglican Church in New Zealand as an independent branch of the Church of England was signed at Judges Bay, Parnell. There were no Maori representatives at the signing. Within a few years, hostility between Maori and Pakeha rose to all-out war in Taranaki and Waikato. Maori who had come to faith through pre-1840 Anglican Missionary efforts came to see Selwyn as the settler's bishop, looking out for settler interests. To Selwyn this was heart-breaking, but he was as much a hostage to political realities as the Maori themselves. For the next century, Maori Anglicanism (which identified with the Missionaries before 1840), and Pakeha Anglicanism (which charted its origins to Selwyn and the 1857 Constitution) existed in largely parallel universes. As the latter church increased in size and the former decreased, the vision for greater unity offered by the larger party was assimilation. In the latter part of the twentieth century the oppressive nature of this policy began to be recognised. Full partnership between Maori and Pakeha (biculturalism) came to be seen as the most just way for the two cultures to co-exist in both civil and religious life. The call for biculturalism was the key driver behind the adoption of a major amendment to the Constitution of the Anglican Church in 1992 which created the Three Tikanga Church. The third partner, the Diocese of Polynesia, was included in the amended Constitution because Anglicans there, who had long had a close association with the Anglican Church in New Zealand, were now at a point where they could stand as a Diocese, in their own right, alongside the Seven Dioceses of New Zealand (Tikanga Pakeha) and the Five Hui Amorangi (Tikanga Maori) of Te Pihopatanga O Aotearoa. **Tonv Surman** 

Please remember in your prayers throughout this coming week Grace, Simon & Naomi, Cyril Moore. We pray for Jenny Green and the family as they grieve the death of her brother, Spencer Allan. May he rest in peace and rise in glory.

THIS SUNDAYPlease note that there is no breakfast between services this morning<br/>Because it is Queen's Birthday Weekend. There is, however, prayer for<br/>healing after both services in the Kinder Chapel.

## THIS WEEK

Monday	7 May	Queen's Birthday (Office closed)
Tuesday	8 June	9.30am Communicare; 6.30pm Remuera Lions
Wednesday	9 June	10.00am Holy Communion (BCP 1928), Kinder Chapel
		Followed by morning tea in the Parish Centre.
		10am Probus; 1.00pm Ina Yoon - Harpist
Thursday	10 June	10.00am Yoga in the Lounge; 5.30 Girl Guides
Friday	11 June	10.30 Friendship Group - in the Lounge, all welcome,
		Annabelle is taking us away on holiday to some far away places.
		5.30pm Remuera Jr Chess Club

 NEXT SUNDAY
 13 June
 Patronal Thanksgiving Service, 10am

 Please note there is no 8am or 9.30am service on 13 June.
 Followed at Noon by a splendid

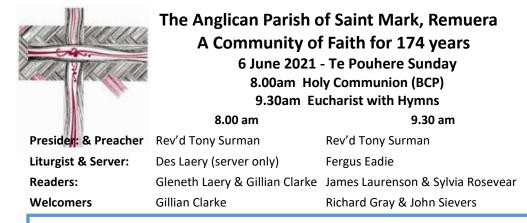
 Patronal Lunch
 Some tickets still available

## **Donations towards Organ Console Refurbishment**

The account to deposit your gift into is **03 0104 0109908 02. Please use** '**donation**' for the reference and '**organ**' as the particulars. Also, if you are not on our Parish Roll, please email Diana in the Parish Office (office@stmarks.org.nz) with your contact details so we can properly thank you and send you a tax-receipt.

#### **Parish Directory**

Parish Office	Monday to Friday 9.00am until 3.00pm	09 520 2258			
Vicar	The Reverend Dr Tony Surman	021 074 1138			
Lay Minister	Trevor Brooker	021 614 227			
People's Warden	Christine Koefoed	021 682 331			
Vicar's Warden	Peter Allen	021 521 149			
Director of Music	Brian Millar	021 253 1437			
Children & Families	Anne Driver	09 849 3538			
For more information email: office@stmarks.org.nz or visit: <u>www.stmarks.org.nz</u>					



Our Church—The Three-in-One. This Sunday, across Aotearoa, New Zealand and Polynesia, Anglicans commemorate a very significant amendment made to our Church's Constitution in 1992 which brought into being a Church composed of three tikanga or cultural strands -Maori, Pakeha and Polynesian. The new set of relationships it established between the cultural groups reflects the way the Anglican Church developed in this part of the South Pacific. Anglican Christianity was brought to the shores of Aotearoa by The Rev'd Samuel Marsden in 1814, and for the next quarter century was overwhelmingly a Maori Church, with its own translations of Scripture (Te Paipera Tapu) and the 1662 Prayer Book (Te Rawiri). The Treaty of Waitangi (1840) between the Chiefs of Aotearoa and the Crown established a partnership between Maori and the Crown that was meant to safeguard the interests of both peoples. Bishop George Selwyn, the first Anglican Bishop of New Zealand, arrived in Auckland in 1842 and was determined to promote and strengthen Christianity amongst both Maori and settler communities. European immigration to New Zealand increased rapidly from 1840 so that by the late 1850s, the settler population equalled that of Maori . Then it increased even more rapidly. Tensions grew between the two peoples, over land rights in particular. As the relationship soured, Selwyn's ability to bridge the divide between Maori and Pakeha eroded. On 13 June 1857 the Constitution that established the Anglican Church in New Zealand as an independent branch of the Church of England was signed at Judges Bay, Parnell. There were no Maori representatives at the signing. Within a few years, hostility between Maori and Pakeha rose to all-out war in Taranaki and Waikato. Maori who had come to faith through pre-1840 Anglican Missionary efforts came to see Selwyn as the settler's bishop, looking out for settler interests. To Selwyn this was heart-breaking, but he was as much a hostage to political realities as the Maori themselves. For the next century, Maori Anglicanism (which identified with the Missionaries before 1840), and Pakeha Anglicanism (which charted its origins to Selwyn and the 1857 Constitution) existed in largely parallel universes. As the latter church increased in size and the former decreased, the vision for greater unity offered by the larger party was assimilation. In the latter part of the twentieth century the oppressive nature of this policy began to be recognised. Full partnership between Maori and Pakeha (biculturalism) came to be seen as the most just way for the two cultures to co-exist in both civil and religious life. The call for biculturalism was the key driver behind the adoption of a major amendment to the Constitution of the Anglican Church in 1992 which created the Three Tikanga Church. The third partner, the Diocese of Polynesia, was included in the amended Constitution because Anglicans there, who had long had a close association with the Anglican Church in New Zealand, were now at a point where they could stand as a Diocese, in their own right, alongside the Seven Dioceses of New Zealand (Tikanga Pakeha) and the Five Hui Amorangi (Tikanga Maori) of Te Pihopatanga O Aotearoa. **Tony Surman**